



New York, March 2nd, 2010

H.E. Mr. Zahir Tanin
Ambassador and Permanent Representative
Permanent Mission of Afghanistan
to the United Nations
360 Lexington Avenue, 11th Floor
New York, N.Y. 10017

Excellency,

We would like to thank you for your letter of February 5th, 2010 and express our appreciation for your efforts in chairing the process of intergovernmental negotiations on Security Council Reform.

In response to this letter, we have the honour to attach the 2005 UfC platform for a comprehensive reform of the Security Council (A/59/L.68). This resolution remains our original position and we would like to see it reflected in the document you are producing.

However, Canada and Mexico remain committed to achieving a negotiated solution to the reform of the Security Council, and are supportive of the compromise platform put forward by Colombia and Italy, which was included in the attachments to your letter of February 5th (as document A/64/CRP.1).

We look forward to continuing to work closely and constructively with you on the important task of reforming the Security Council.

Please accept, Excellency, the assurances of our highest consideration,

John McNee
Permanent Representative
of Canada to the United Nations

Claude Heller
Permanent Representative
of Mexico to the United Nations



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Question of equitable representation on and increase in the membership of the Security Council and related matters

Argentina, Canada, Colombia, Costa Rica, Italy, Malta, Mexico, Pakistan, Republic of Korea, San Marino, Spain and Turkey: draft resolution

Reform of the Security Council

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 1991 A (XVIII) of 17 December 1963, by which it decided to amend the Charter of the United Nations to increase the number of non-permanent members of the Security Council from six to ten, on the basis of the increase in the membership of the United Nations since 1945,

Recalling the various reports of the Open-ended Working Group on the Question of Equitable Representation on and Increase in the Membership of the Security Council and Other Matters Related to the Security Council, established by its resolution 48/26 of 3 December 1993,

Stressing the urgent need to improve the working methods of the Security Council in accordance with the various issues discussed within the Open-ended Working Group, in particular the question of transparency in decision-making; accountability; fairer opportunities of participation of Member States; better access to information by all Member States and restrictions on the veto power with a view to its eventual elimination,

Recalling the United Nations Millennium Declaration of 2000¹ and taking note of the report of the Secretary-General entitled "In larger freedom: towards development, security and human rights for all",² in particular its assessment of the interlocking nature of security, development and human rights, and reaffirming that the internationally agreed development goals, including those contained in the Millennium Declaration, can only be achieved through the full implementation of the mandates contained in the Monterrey Consensus of the International Conference

¹ See resolution 55/2.

² A/59/2005.



on Financing for Development³ and the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development (“Johannesburg Plan of Implementation”),⁴ among other development commitments,

Mindful of primary responsibility conferred by the Charter of the United Nations on the Security Council for the maintenance of international peace and security and that in carrying out its duties the Security Council acts on behalf of the Members of the United Nations,

Mindful also of the importance of strengthening the institutional balance and interrelationship among the General Assembly, the Security Council and the Economic and Social Council within the scope of the comprehensive reform of the United Nations,

Considering that joint efforts by the General Assembly, the Security Council and the Economic and Social Council are needed in order to attain solutions to global problems and threats in an integrated and constructive manner,

Considering that the present composition of the Security Council is inequitable and unbalanced,

Recognizing that contemporary world realities, in particular the substantial increase in membership of developing countries since 1963, requires an expansion of the Security Council, in the non-permanent category, in order to ensure fairer opportunities of participation for all Member States,

Reaffirming that any expansion of the Security Council should make it more democratic, more equitably representative, more transparent, more effective and more accountable,

Convinced that periodic elections and re-elections are the strongest means to promote real accountability, allow for frequent rotation and fair and equitable representation of the Member States in the Security Council,

Recalling its resolution 53/30 of 23 November 1998,

Recognizing the importance of reaching the broadest possible agreement on all major issues, including Security Council reform, as decided in resolution 59/291 of 15 April 2005,

Recalling Article 108 of the Charter of the United Nations,

Amendments to Article 23

1. *Decides* that the Security Council shall consist, in addition to the five permanent members as determined by Article 23, paragraph 1, of the Charter of the United Nations, of twenty elected Members of the United Nations serving on the Security Council for a two-year term, according to the provisions of paragraphs 3 and 5 below;

³ See *Report of the International Conference on Financing for Development, Monterrey, Mexico, 18-22 March 2002* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.02.II.A.7), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

⁴ *Report of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, Johannesburg, South Africa, 26 August-4 September 2002* (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.03.II.A.1 and corrigendum), chap. I, resolution 2, annex.

2. *Decides*, in view of the above, to adopt the following amendments to the Charter and to submit them for ratification by the States Members of the United Nations;

3. *Decides* that Article 23, paragraphs 1 and 2, of the Charter of the United Nations will read as follows:

“1. The Security Council shall consist of twenty-five Members of the United Nations. France, the People’s Republic of China, the Russian Federation, the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and the United States of America shall be permanent members of the Security Council. The General Assembly shall elect twenty other Members of the United Nations to be non-permanent members of the Security Council, due regard being specially paid, in the first instance to the contribution of Members of the United Nations to the maintenance of international peace and security and to the other purposes of the Organization, and also to equitable geographical distribution.

“2. The non-permanent members of the Security Council shall be elected for a term of two years. In the first election of the non-permanent members after the increase of the membership of the Security Council from fifteen to twenty-five, five of the retiring members shall continue for one more year. Non-permanent members may be eligible for immediate re-election, subject to the decision of their respective geographical groups.”

Distribution of seats

4. *Decides* that, in order to implement paragraph 3 above, the twenty non-permanent members of the Security Council shall be elected according to the following pattern: six from African States; five from Asian States; four from Latin American and Caribbean States; three from Western European and other States; two from Eastern European States;

Limits to re-election and role of geographical groups

5. *Recommends* that each of the five existing geographical groups, as identified in paragraph 4 above, shall decide on arrangements among its members for re-election or rotation of its members on the seats allotted to the Group; those arrangements shall also address, as appropriate, a fair subregional representation;

Majority required for Security Council decisions

6. *Decides* to amend also Article 27, paragraphs 2 and 3, and Article 109, paragraph 1, of the Charter to require the affirmative vote of fifteen of the twenty-five members of the Security Council;⁵

Working methods

7. *Calls* for improving the working methods of the Security Council in a transparent, inclusive and accountable manner, including in particular:

- (a) Restraint on the use of the veto;

⁵ Regarding paragraph 3 of Article 27, the requirement of the concurring votes of the permanent members is not amended.

(b) Procedures to guarantee transparency in decision-making, accountability in performance and access to information, including open briefings and interaction with all interested parties;

(c) Consultation, cooperation and adequate exchange of information with the General Assembly and the Economic and Social Council;

(d) Access and better participation of non-member States of the Security Council in the work of the Security Council;

(e) Adoption and circulation of formal rules of procedure;

8. *Underlines*, in addition to the provisions of paragraph 7 above, the need to elaborate further provisions through consultations among Member States;

9. *Urges* its Open-ended Working Group on the Question of Equitable Representation on and Increase in the Membership of the Security Council and Other Matters Related to the Security Council to promptly finalize its recommendations on the working methods of the Security Council;

Ratification of amendments to the Charter

10. *Calls upon* Member States to ratify the amendments set out above, in accordance with their respective constitutional processes, by September 2007;

11. *Requests* the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly at its sixty-first regular session a report on the status of the process of entry into force of these amendments to the Charter.
